## SrvMhthkdylrutxssruw- Training Topic - Uhildp bj

All behavior is communication. Individuals may use a challenging behavior to get a need met. This can occur for various reasons: language development problems, social/emotional delays, difficulties with peer interactions, developmental disabilities, neglect or trauma, not having had the opportunity to learn the skill, or simply – the challenging behavior works to get the need met.

Reframing is essentially changing how we think about the challenging behavior. Reframing is a central cognitive-behavioral technique of "telling yourself a different story" about the same events or characteristics. Reframing means coming up with a different interpretation.

We start the reframing process by putting aside the notion that the individual is trying, on purpose, to make be challenging. We continue the reframing process by asking the question (rhetorically or literally), "What do they want or need that is leading to this challenging behavior?" When we put aside our own discomfort and emotional reaction to the challenging behavior, it may become easier to determine what the individual needs or help them through the situation

Now, ask yourself the next question, "How can we help them obtain what they want using acceptable behaviors?" As staff, you likely know how to seek the things you want or need without resorting to violence or emotional manipulation. This is because we have learned the necessary skills from other adults throughout our lives. In these situations, it is now our turn to teach these skills to individuals who struggle. These skills include how to ask for help, how to offer something in trade, how to share things, how to express our emotions in an acceptable manner and how to calm ourselves.

It is important to share with the team the situations of challenging behavior that you are assisting with. As a team, you will brainstorm potential triggers, potential reasons, and potentially what has worked for others to ensure the needs are met and the behavior is not necessary.

As you work through the process to learn why the individual displays a challenging behavior, below are examples of how you may reframe the behavior:

## When you use this – try this instead:

Obsessive - Tenacious, Deliberate

Compulsive - Thorough Talkative – Gregarious

Easily distracted - Easily fascinated Emotional - Influential, Charismatic

Controlling – Convincing Impulsive – Inquisitive

Obstinate – Determined, Persistent

Aggressive – Assertive Opinionated - Confident Isolated – Selective Immature – Innocent Dramatic - Powerfully vivid

Disorganized - Creative Oppositional – Independent Anxious - Cautious or concerned

Boisterous - Enthusiastic

Bossy - A leader

Chatterbox - Communicative

Clingy – Loving

Controlling - Determined

Disruptive - Eager

Distractible - Perceptive

Dreamy - Imaginative

Explosive - Dramatic Fearful - Sensitive

Giddy - Good-humored

High strung - Energetic, enthusiastic

Hyper - Loves to move

Intense - focused; dedicated

Moody - Charismatic

Non-participatory - An observer

Picky - Selective Self-centered - Proud Serious - Contemplative

Shy - Reflective

Silly - Joyful

Stubborn - Tenacious; persistent

Troublesome - Challenging Unpredictable - Curious

Whiny - Willing to communicate